

Solving Trig Equations

Solve the trig equations. Complete 10 questions and do the rest for practice. (Watch the video regarding Solving Trig Equations)

1. $2 \sin \theta = \sqrt{3}$
 $\sin \theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ $60^\circ, 120^\circ$

2. $2 \sin \theta = \sqrt{2}$
 $\sin \theta = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ $45^\circ, 135^\circ$

3. $2 \sin \theta - \sqrt{2} = 0$
 $\sin \theta = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ $45^\circ, 135^\circ$

4. $2 \cos \theta - \sqrt{2} = 0$
 $\cos \theta = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ $45^\circ, 315^\circ$

5. $2 \cos \theta + 1 = 0$
 $\cos \theta = -\frac{1}{2}$ $120^\circ, 240^\circ$

6. $2 \sin \theta - \sqrt{3} = 0$
 $\sin \theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ $60^\circ, 120^\circ$

7. $2 \sin \theta - 1 = 0$
 $\sin \theta = \frac{1}{2}$ $30^\circ, 150^\circ$

8. $5 \tan \theta - 5 = 0$
 $\tan \theta = \frac{5}{5} \rightarrow \tan \theta = 1$ $45^\circ, 225^\circ$

9. $\cos \theta + 1 = 0$
 $\cos \theta = -1$ 180°

10. $2 \cos \theta - \sqrt{3} = 0$
 $\cos \theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ $30^\circ, 330^\circ$

11. $\cos \theta (\tan \theta - \sqrt{3}) = 0$
 $\cos \theta = 0$, $\tan \theta = \sqrt{3}$ $90^\circ, 270^\circ$; $60^\circ, 240^\circ$

12. $2 \sin \theta + \sqrt{3} = 0$
 $\sin \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ $240^\circ, 300^\circ$

13. $\sqrt{2} \sin \theta = 1$
 $\sin \theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \rightarrow \sin \theta = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ $45^\circ, 135^\circ$

14. $\sin \theta - 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta = 0$
 $\sin \theta = 0$, $\cos \theta = \frac{1}{2}$ $0^\circ, 180^\circ$; $60^\circ, 300^\circ$

15. $\sin \theta = \cos \theta$
 $45^\circ, 225^\circ$

16. $2 \cos \theta + 4 = 5$
 $\cos \theta = \frac{1}{2}$ $60^\circ, 300^\circ$

17. $2 \sin \theta + 4 = 5$
 $\sin \theta = \frac{1}{2}$ $30^\circ, 150^\circ$

18. $5 \cos \theta - \sqrt{3} = \cos \theta$
no solution

19. $3 \tan \theta - \sqrt{3} = 0$
 $\tan \theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$ $30^\circ, 210^\circ$

20. $\sqrt{3} \tan \theta - \sqrt{3} = 0$
 $\tan \theta = 1$ $45^\circ, 225^\circ$

Solve the trig equations. Complete 10 questions and do the rest for practice. (Watch the video regarding Solving Trig Equations using U-Substitution)

21. $2\sin^2\theta - 1 = 0$

$$\sin\theta = \pm\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \quad 45^\circ, 135^\circ, 225^\circ, 315^\circ$$

22. $3\tan^2\theta - 1 = 0$

$$\tan\theta = \pm\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} \quad 30^\circ, 210^\circ, 150^\circ, 330^\circ$$

23. $2\sin^2\theta - 3\sin\theta + 1 = 0$

$$\sin\theta = 1, \sin\theta = \frac{1}{2} \quad 90^\circ, 30^\circ, 150^\circ$$

24. $2\sin\theta\cos\theta - \sin\theta = 0$

$$\sin\theta = 0, \cos\theta = \frac{1}{2} \quad 0^\circ, 180^\circ, 60^\circ, 300^\circ$$

25. $\sin^2\theta + \sin\theta = 0$

$$\sin\theta = 0, \sin\theta = -1 \quad 0^\circ, 180^\circ, 270^\circ$$

26. $2\cos^2\theta - \cos\theta - 1 = 0$

$$\cos\theta = 1, \cos\theta = -\frac{1}{2} \quad 0^\circ, 120^\circ, 240^\circ$$

27. $2\cos^4\theta - 3\cos^2\theta + 1 = 0$

$$\cos\theta = \pm\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, \cos\theta = \pm 1 \quad 45^\circ, 135^\circ, 225^\circ, 315^\circ, 0^\circ, 180^\circ$$

28. $2\sin^2\theta - 1 = 0$

$$\sin\theta = \pm\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \quad 45^\circ, 135^\circ, 225^\circ, 315^\circ$$

29. $\sin^2\theta = 0$

$$\sin\theta = 0 \rightarrow 0^\circ, 180^\circ$$

30. $2\cos^2\theta - \cos\theta = 0$

$$\cos\theta = 0, \cos\theta = \frac{1}{2} \quad 90^\circ, 270^\circ, 60^\circ, 300^\circ$$

31. $4\sin^4\theta + 3\sin^2\theta - 1 = 0$

$$x^2 = -1 \quad \sin\theta = \pm\frac{1}{2} \quad 30^\circ, 150^\circ, 210^\circ, 330^\circ$$

32. $4\cos^4\theta - 3 = 0$

$$\cos\theta = \sqrt[4]{\frac{3}{4}}$$

33. $\cos^3\theta = \cos\theta$

$$\cos\theta = 0 \quad 90^\circ, 270^\circ, 0^\circ, 180^\circ$$

$$\cos\theta = \pm 1$$

34. $\tan^4\theta - 3 = 0$

$$\tan\theta = \sqrt[4]{3}$$

35. $4\sin^2\theta - 2 = 0$

$$\sin\theta = \pm\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \quad 45^\circ, 135^\circ, 225^\circ, 315^\circ$$

36. $16\cos^2\theta - 8 = 0$

$$\cos\theta = \pm\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \quad 45^\circ, 315^\circ, 225^\circ, 135^\circ$$

37. $2\cos^2\theta - 3\cos\theta + 1 = 0$

$$\cos\theta = 1 \quad 0^\circ, 60^\circ, 300^\circ$$

$$\cos\theta = \frac{1}{2}$$